Taxonomy: Recall

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Complexity: Moderate

Ahead: Interviewing

Subject: Chapter 1

Title: Interview and History-Taking Strategies

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Ahead: Taking a Health History

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Taxonomy: Recall



5. True or False? Family history should include both parents and grandparents, if information is known.

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Ahead: Taking a Health History

Subject: Chapter 1

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Taxonomy: Application



True or False? Social

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Essav

1. What does PQRST stand for?

Ans: Precipitating factors, quality, radiation, severity, and timing

Complexity: Difficult

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Chapter 1 Introduction

- 1. Law and ethics differ from one another in that:
 - a. laws dictate minimum standards of behavior that society will tolerate, whereas ethics represent the ideal standards expected by the profession.
 - b. ethics dictate minimum standards of behavior that society will tolerate, whereas laws represent the ideal standards expected by the profession.
 - c. ethics and laws have the same standards.
 - d. laws require that counselors always follow the profession's ethical standards.
 - e. ethics and laws are often in conflict because they are so different from one another.
- 2. The best statement about the nature of professional ethics in counseling is that:
 - a. if counselors study ethical codes and keep current with the professional literature, they can be assured of practicing in an ethical manner.
 - b. in order to practice in an ethical manner, counselors must always be in compliance with federal and state laws.
 - c. because there are few absolute right answers to ethical practice questions, consultation with counseling colleagues is very important when making ethical decisions.
 - d. because there are few absolute right answers to ethical practice questions, consultation with lawyers is very important when making ethical decisions.
 - e. the ethical standards have changed very little in the last 50 years, so if counselors learn the rules, they will be able to practice in an ethical manner.
- 3. The personal values of counselors:
 - a. have no place in the counseling session.
 - b. should be completely altruistic.
 - c. are influenced by their families of origin and their cultures, among other factors.
 - d. are rooted in universal moral principles.
 - e. should prevail over ethics when there is a conflict between the counselor's values and the client's behavior.
- 4. From the perspective of principle ethics, a counselor who is counseling a client planning a violent act against another person, and who intervenes to notify the client's family members is:
 - a. sacrificing client autonomy in order to prevent harm and to do good.
 - b. sacrificing fidelity in order to be truthful.
 - c. sacrificing justice in order to be faithful to promises made.
 - d. sacrificing veracity in order to protect the client's anonymity.
 - e. sacrificing beneficence in order to promote fidelity.

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- 5. While principle ethics asks the question "What should I do?," virtue ethics asks the question:
 - a. "What would an ethical counselor do?"
 - b. "What should counselors who want the follow the law do?"
 - c. "Who should I be?"
 - d. "Who am I?"
 - e. "What does virtue mean?"
- 6. Virtue ethicists believe that:
 - a. to determine whether a counselor is ethical, each decision the counselor makes must be carefully weighed.
 - b. people exist in connection to and in relationship with one another.
 - c. actions speak louder than words.
 - d. there are no universal moral principles.
 - e. counselors should always be truthful.
- 7. At their most fundamental level, codes of ethics serve to:
 - a. protect and promote the welfare of the client.
 - b. protect and promote the welfare of the counselor.
 - c. protect and promote the welfare of the profession.
 - d. protect and promote the welfare of the counselor's agency.
 - e. protect and promote the welfare of the client's family unit.
- 8. Counselors who function according to mandatory ethics:
 - a. believe that employers should require specific behaviors of counselors they hire.
 - b. believe that their duty is to comply with basic "must" and "must not" statements in codes of ethics, and nothing more.
 - c. believe counselors should determine what is ethical based on the specific situations in which they find themselves.
 - d. would favor ethical standards that use the word "should," instead of the word "must."
 - e. would favor judging the actions of counselors based on the circumstances, rather than on strict rules.
- 9. When attempting to make an ethical decision, it is recommended that counselors take all of the following steps EXCEPT:
 - a. tune into their feelings.
 - b. involve the client in the decision-making process.
 - c. consider the moral principles.
 - d. consult with an attorney.
 - e. identify desired outcomes.
- 10. Once counselors have disclosed their legal questions to their immediate supervisors, and have received a response either from the supervisor or from an attorney who is advising them as to the proper course of action,
 - a. it is essential for counselors to seek a second opinion.
 - b. it is essential for counselors to choose and act on their own choice.

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- c. it is essential for counselors to follow legal advice given to them, even if they do not agree with it.
- d. it is essential for counselors to follow legal advice given to them, but only if they agree with it.
- e. it is essential for counselors to ask the ACA Ethics Committee for an opinion.
- 11. All of the following are situations in which it is necessary to consult with colleagues EXCEPT:
 - a. when counselors face issues that require them to exercise judgment.
 - b. when there are no clear right or wrong answers.
 - c. when deciding whether to respond to a subpoena.
 - d. when it is possible that clinical decisions will be challenged later.
 - e. when they are not certain whether a client might be suicidal.

12. Laws:

- a. always support professional values and behaviors.
- b. dictate maximum standards of behavior for professionals in a position of trust who provide services to the public.
- c. are similar to ethics in that they represent ideal standards.
- d. often conflict with an ethical standard related to a similar issue.
- e. are agreed upon rules that are set forth by principles allowing people to live together in a society.
- 13. External forces that can support counselors in their efforts to practice ethically include all of the following EXCEPT:
 - a. supervision.
 - b. intentionality.
 - c. consultation.
 - d. codes of ethics.
 - e. continuing education workshops and seminars.
- 14. The ACA Code of Ethics:
 - a. helps to stabilize the profession.
 - b. answers nearly all questions that a counselor might have.
 - c. sets forth ethical responsibilities that never change.
 - d. is the single, universally accepted code of ethics for counselors.
 - e. is updated every two or three years.
- 15. When a counselor discovers that a client holds values that are dramatically different from the counselor's own values, the counselor should:
 - a. try to gently persuade the client to re-examine his or her values.
 - b. respect the client's values, even though the counselor disagrees with them.
 - c. immediately refer the client to another counselor.
 - d. give the client some reading material that will broaden his or her perspective.
 - e. ask the client how he or she would feel if people discriminated against him or her because of values held.

Chapter 2 Professional Identity of Counselors

- 1. Counselors with a strong professional identity are able to do all of the following <u>EXCEPT</u>:
 - a. describe the services their profession renders to the public.
 - b. articulate the similarities and differences between their profession and other similar groups.
 - c. show pride in belonging to the counseling profession.
 - d. demonstrate that they hold a master's degree from a CACREP-accredited program.
 - e. explain the philosophy that underlies the activities of counselors.
- 2. A core belief that members of the counseling profession hold concerning helping others with their mental health concerns is:
 - a. it is important to identify the illness presented by clients.
 - b. the goal is to help clients return to the level of functioning enjoyed before the illness occurred.
 - c. remediation is the most appropriate means in dealing with emotional and personal problems.
 - d. prevention and early intervention are the most appropriate means to deal with emotional and personal problems.
 - e. in most cases, giving support is all that is necessary for people to resolve their personal crises.
- 3. Within the counseling profession, the primary goal of counseling is to:
 - a. help clients achieve wellness.
 - b. cure illnesses of clients.
 - c. identify and treat mental illnesses.
 - d. understand the illnesses with which clients present for counseling.
 - e. help clients understand unresolved emotional issues.
- 4. Counselors who practice from a developmental perspective:
 - a. focus on the physical development of their clients because physical development has a significant impact on the emotional well-being of clients.
 - b. focus on the intellectual development of their clients because clients must be taught to understand themselves in order to function more effectively.
 - c. see personal development as a difficult goal to attain and requires the help of counselors who understand the human condition.
 - d. view most problems people encounter as natural and normal since all developmental stages of life bring challenges.
 - e. believe that all stages of life traumatize clients and, thus, the counselor's role is to treat the trauma their clients have experienced.
- 5. Counseling aims to help clients:
 - a. become autonomous and no longer need other people in their lives.
 - b. have a place to go that is comforting and supportive.

MULTIPLE CHOICE ANSWERS

Chapter One: Introduction

- 1. a
- 2. c
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. c
- 6. b
- 7. a
- 8. b
- 9.
- d
- 10. d 11. c
- 12. e
- 13. b
- 14. a
- 15. b

Chapter Two: Professional Identity of Counselors

- 1. d
- 2. d
- 3. a
- 4. d
- 5 e
- 6. d
- 7. a
- 8. e
- 9. c
- 10. b
- 11. a
- 12 c
- 13. d
- 14. e
- 15. c

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